Il you want, make a copy but please return to me, David

I am writing essentially a financial report of various corporate activities this time so that you will be more familiar with what is going on. Enclosed with this letter is (1) H.T.H. Inc. Balance sheet as of April 1977. (2) A table which illustrates the cost of DBT earings to partners as a function of taxable income level. This data is essentially the reason for the change of DBT to a normal corporation instead of a partnership. The corporation was not paying out enough dividens to cover the cost to partners whos income was above \$20,000.00. (3)DBT Co. Balance sheet as of April 30 1977. (4) DBT company income statement (5) Detailed DBT company Income statement (6) Megadiamond statement of earnings 1977.

The change of DBT to a normal corporation is currently underway. You will each receive stock for your percentage share of the partnership plus a ten year note for one third of your capitol in the corpration. The number of shares of stock for each in our family are listed below:

Sherlene and Dan owned .61% of DBT partnership and will receive 1080 shares of stock in new corporation. Sherlene and Dan also have 1080 shares of stock in Megadiamond corporation. There share in the \$424,097 partnership equity is \$2,587 and in addition to 1080 shares of stock they will receive a note for \$862.33.

Charlotte Hall

owned .68% of DBT and will receive 1200 shares of
stock in the new corporation. Charlotte also owns 1200
shares of stock in Megadiamond. Her share of equity is
\$2883.86 and in addition to the 1200 shares of stock she
will receive a note for \$961.29.

David and Karen owned .68% of DBT and will receive the same as Charlotte.

I also own 1200 shares of Mega.

Ida Rose L. Hall Owned 7.27 % of DBT partnership and will receive 12,900 shares of stock in the new corporation. Her share in the partnership equity was \$30,831.85 and so in addition to the 12,900 shares of stock she will receive a note for \$10,277.28. Mom owns 12,900 shares in Megadiamond.

Nancy & Doug

Owned .397% of DBT (Nancy and Doug sold 5/12 of their partnership to company employees several months ago) and they will receive 700 shares in the new corporation. They will also receive a note for \$561.22. Nancy and Dough own 1200 shares of Megadiamond corporation.

H.Tracy Hall Sr. Dad held DBT ownership through the General partner which was called DION company. He will get 16,600 shares of stock in the new corporation and his share of the partnership equity was \$39,684.38 so he will receive a note for \$13,228.13. Dad owns 18,100 shares in Megadiamond.

Tracy and Betsy

Owned .56% of DBT and will receive 1000 shares in the new corporation. Their share of equity was \$2374.94 so they will receive a note for \$791.65. Tracy and Betsy own 1000 shares in Megadiamond.

Virginia and Barry

Owned .68% of DBT and also owns 1200 shares of Mega. They will receive the same as Charlotte and David will.

Marty and Liz

Owned .68% of DBT and also own 1200 shares of Mega. They will receive the same as Charlotte, David and Virginia will.

The new DBT corporation will have 177,400 shares of stock. Our whole family combined will own 37,080 or 20.9% of the company. We are smaller stock holders than the Popes or the Hortons because of sales which we have made in the past. We have enough stock now to quarantee ourselves one of five directors positions. If our total ownerships drops below 20% we will not be able to elect ourselves a director without help from some other stock holder. In my view it is important that we not sell any more stock until the stock is listed publicaly or we sell the stock in a complete block to someone else. If we sell just part of our stock we will get ourself into a position of having stock which cannot be represented. Our stock combined with other stock holders represents a majority of the stock holders. I have talked to most of the smaller stock holders and their opi nions on the operation of the company agree with ours. As a block of stockholders we are going to vote in 3 of the five directors and maintain control of the company along objectives of optimizing stock value and coporate income. Most of the earnings will be put back into the coporation for increasing the companies book value so that the value of the stock increases. The company does not currently have any book value. We are in debt too much right now and so earnings will go to decreasing debt.

Megadiamond corporation also has 177,400 shares of stock right now but we are trying to purchase DDI's share of Megadimend Industries for 33,790 shares of stock in Mega Corporation. This will increase the outstanding shares to 211,190 shares. We Our combined family holdings are 39,080 shares which give us 18,5% of the company. We have not sold as much Mega stock vision to others as we did DBT partnership ownership but the purchase of DDI's se gold we share of MI dillutes are total ownership. Owning 18% of MC is better than owning a larger share of MC when MI was ½ owned by DDI because all profits were controled by MI. MI still exists as a company but is totally owned by MC now. I have been elected to the board of MC. Megadiamond Corpration The has made substantial improvements in their product and things are finally looking up for them. I do not know yet how the DDI representative to the MC board will want the company to be operated so I cannot give you any indication as to the future of MC. My views are to let the company grow slowly through internal earnings and to avoid joint ventures with other companies and any further dilutions of present ownership through additional stock offerings. I will be able to tell you more in two or three months time.

I organized my own company called <u>DHD company</u> on June 2, 1977. My financial year will be from July 1- June 30 so I have to close my books already in just a few weeks. DHD stands for David Hall forward and backward and also stands for Down Hole Drill which I hope to be my major product eventually.

I have k/projected a loss of 1300 dollars in my first month of operation and 12,000 dollars of loss during the next year. I am trying to sell these losses to someone who can use them because I don't have any income to deduct a loss from. I'll probably sell the losses to Mom or Dad at a mimimum of 18% return for them. I am raising the capitol for the corporation by selling \$7,000.00 in stock and borrowing \$6,000.00 from banks against b my own net worth. During the second year of operation of the company I have projected earnings of 20,000.00 which will be used to pay myself a \$14 salary and pay off the coppration debts. The first product that I am working on is a high pressure water pump which is considerably smaller than products which exist now. It has a limited market but will sell for a high price. After establishing the pump as a product I will start working on tools to be driven by high pressure water pumped by my pump. The first tool will be a 2-8 horsepower drill which I have designed already. By introducing tools I will expand the market for the pump plus increase my profit margin on the combined system.

The government is purchasing some of the farm land that Dad owns for a freeway acess road. I have recommended that dadt transfer that income tax free into his own company by purchasing stock which is already approved for sale but not outstanding. I have done an evaluation of the stock and on the basis of H.T.H. Inc. net worth of aproximately \$225,000 and average earnings of aproximately one dollar per share over time, the stock has a value of \$10.000 per share. There are currently 25,000 shares of stock distributed with each of us owning 1750 shares or 49% and mom and dad owning the rest. Dad could purchase 2500 additional shares for \$25,000.00 cash which would increase the total number of shares to 27,500. Mom and dad would own 15,250 shares or 55.455% of the company. Each of us would continue to have 1750 shares but instead of 7% we would own 6.364% of the company. However, the increased earnings potential of the additional \$25,000.00 capital would more than offset our loss in share. If dad decideds to re-invest his money in H.T.H. Inc. he will offer the stock to any of us at \$10.00 per share and we can buy if we want.

I am sure that I have helped confuse you with all this data but if you study it closely you will be able to understand the financial condition of each company and what your holdings are worth. In my view the DBT stock will be worth aproximately 25 dollars per share and the Megadiamond stock will be worth aproximately 10\$ per share now but probably 25 dollars per share two years from now. If we hold our stock for awhile and sell to a rich person or persons or another company we can probably sell the whole block of DBT stock for 25 dollars per share two or three years from now and the Megadiamond stock for 25 dollars per share 3 or four years from now. It is also possible that the company if controlled properly could have its maximum value as a source of dividend income providing an anuity for years to come.

Mark, Stephen, Michael and Karen are healthy and seem to be enjoying Utah more and more. The kids have lots of friends to play with which is really good for them. Karen is doing a lot of reading as usual and becoming an expert or organizational theory.

wear will be the third land to so I have to the there a few weeks. This stands for Darth Mail so the

the state of user out I made the tent and and and

Love to all of you, was stiply the letters

David, Karen, Mark, Stephen, and Michael

H. TRACY HALL, INCORPORATED

P.O. BOX 7533 UNIVERSITY STATION

PROVO, UTAH 84601

H. TRACY HALL DANIEL R. BARTHOLOMEW H. TRACY HALL, JR. DAVID R. HALL J. MARTIN NEIL

(801) 374-2796 OR 373-3323 1190 COLUMBIA LANE

BALANCE SHEET APRIL, 1977

ASSETS

Current assets:

cash

\$700.00

Total current assets:

\$700.00

Property and equipment:

\$53,750.00 Manufacturing equipment: \$12,400.00 Manufacturing tools: Shop equipment: \$10,800.00 Office equipment: \$3,200.00

(\$106,000 for 300 ton press) Research and Science eq.:\$109,150.00

TOTAL:

\$189,300.00

Inventory

Meters, transformers,

\$3,000.00 scales, switches, gauges, etc. \$5,000.00 Anvils and Carbide:

\$16,465.00 (33,000 lbs. of stock) Bar steel: \$15,000.00 (6 bases for 1000 ton press)

Steel forgings (6) Precision High pressure

4-way valves : \$6,000.00 \$6,000.00 Motors and Pumps: \$400.00 Control Panels: \$1,500.00 Electrical supplies: Oils, fuels, lubricants, plastic, wood, bolts and

\$3,000.00 nuts, screws etc ... \$2,000.00 Misc. parts: \$58,365.00

TOTAL:

TOTAL ASSETS:

\$248,365.00

LIABILITIES

Liabilities:

Accounts payable 9½% note payable to bank \$5,000.00 Notes payable to stock-\$11,426.00 holders Debentures payable \$2,500.00 TOTAL \$18,926.00 NET WORTH \$229,439.00

COST OF DBT EARNINGS TO PARTNER AS A FUNCTION OF TAXABLE INCOME LEVEL

Taxable Income Prior to DBT Earnings	Federal tax (married, joint return)	State tax (Utah)	deductable contributions	Cost to partner as a % of share of DBT earnings *
\$20,000	37	7.75	10	50
\$30,000	46	7.75	10	58
\$40,000	51	7.75	10	63
\$50,000	53	7.75	10	65
\$60,000	55	7.75	10	67
\$70,000	58	7.75	10	69
\$80,000	60	7.75	10	71
\$90,000	61	7.75	10	72
\$100,000	62	7.75	10	73
\$150,000	64	7.75	10	75
\$200,000	70	7.75	10	80
\$400,000	70	7.75	10	80

*Cost to partner was calculated by using the following formula;

X= partners share of earnings (distributed plus retained earnings)

COST= .9X(federal tax rate) + .9X(state tax rate) +.1X (contributions)

Cost = X(.9fed +.9state +.1) or Cost = X(%listed in right column above)

EXAMPLE: Dr. H. Tracy Hall (1976)

Taxable Income Prior to DBT earnings = \$40,000 Cost= .63(partners share of DBT earnings)

Note: (The actual share of earnings during 1976 that Dr. Hall was responsible for was higher than this example)

Assume that Dr. Hall's share of earnings were \$10,000. Cost to Dr. Hall =\$6,300. 40% or \$4,000 would be distributed to him which means \$2,300 would have to be provided from his own private funds.

Dr. Hall estimates that during 1977 73% of DBT earnings would have to be distributed to cover his costs.

BALANCE SHEET April 30, 1977

ASSETS

CURRENT ASSETS Cash Accounts Receivable Inventory-Finished Goods Raw Materials Other TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS	\$ 34,670 185,685 200,528 42,838 2,939	\$466,660
OTHER ASSETS Machines and Equipment less accumulated depreciation Patents TOTAL OTHER ASSETS	\$128,045 (52,739) 1,556	\$ <u>76,862</u>
TOTAL ASSETS		\$543,522
LIABILITIES & OWNERS EQUITY	Y	
CURRENT LIABILITIES		
Accounts Payable Loans Payable-Megadiamond Corporation	\$ 42,912 70,000	
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES	6,513	\$119,425
PARTNERSHIP EQUITY Partners Capital December 31, 1976 Income January 1 to April 30, 1977 Distribution to Partners January 1 to April 30, 1977 TOTAL PARTNERSHIP EQUITY	\$335,315 157,231 (68,449)	424,097
TOTAL LIABILITIES & PARTNERSHIP EQUITY		\$543,522

DBT COMPANY

Income Statement For the Years Ended December 31, 1973 - 1977

	(7 months)	1974	<u>1975</u>	1976	1977 (4 months
Net Sales	\$61,660	\$149,692	\$263,777	\$480,273	\$314,882
Cost of Goods Sold	18,754	85,855	161,551	267,875	132,999
Gross Profit	\$42,906	\$ 63,387	\$102,226	\$212,398	\$181,883
Administrative Expenses	4,527	9,401	33,021	41,275	24,652
Net Income	\$38,379	\$ 54,436	\$ 69,205	\$171,123	\$157,231

DBT CO.

INCOME STATEMENT

For Period January 1, 1977 to April 30, 1977

SALES:				
Sales Lew	\$	231,640.20		
Sales Mega		1,485.00		
Sales Super Cut		62,121.00		
Sales Other		17,351.28		
Interest Income		600.36		
Other Income		1,684.17		
Total Revenue		Marine Marine	\$	314,882.01
LESS COST OF GOODS SOLD				132,998.73
GROSS MARGIN			\$	181,883.28
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ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE				
Office Salary	\$	3,574.19		
Office Payroll	4	2,697.13		
Payroll Expense		789.27		
Travel Expense		1,846.31		
Professional Expense		6,727.05		
Research & Development		877.96		
Office Expense				
License, Dues & Subscriptions		1,507.61		
Interest Expense		24.00		
Rent Expense Office		15.56		
Management Fees		1,730.40		
Hanagement rees		4,862.81		
TOTAL ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES			\$	24,652.29
NET INCOME			\$	157,230.99
			, ,	

DBT CO. STATEMENT OF COST OF GOOD SOLD For Period January 1, 1977 to April 30, 1977

MATERIALS: Pyro Moly Anvils Other TOTAL MATERIALS	\$	3,29 10,5 7,8	ARS 27.37 99.14 76.67 37.58 40.76	CARATS	\$00	OST/CARATS
LABOR: Direct Labor Supervision Payroll TOTAL LABOR		6,9	36.36 37.92 67.47 41.75			
OVERHEAD: Plating Lab Mfg. Supplies & Ex. Press Depreciation Amortization of Patents Miscellaneous Rent Personal Prep Tax Sales Tax Purchasing Expense TOTAL OVERHEAD		10,23 8,49 2,03 3,20 6,92 43 1,59	50.78 39.65 93.03 73.65 00.00 10.00 04.11 21.60 38.28 98.05 31.31			
TOTAL MANUFACTURING COSTS Less: Write down of ummarketables ADJUSTED MANUFACTURING COSTS		15,98	92.97 32.18 10.79	388,739 50,350 338.389	0 *	.3174 .3174 .3174
ADD BEGINNING F/G INVENTORY	2	10.13	34.00	320,85	<u>5</u>	.6549
COST OF GOODS AVAILABLE FOR SALE	\$ 3	17,5	14.79	659,24	1	.4817
LESS ENDING INVENTORY		00,52	28.24	416,30	В	. 4817
COST OF GOODS SOLD: Write off of unmarketable Cost of marketables sold: mktg. Written off marketable	\$	72,97	32.18 78.26 38.29 16.55	50,350 151,50 91,420 242,93	7 6	.3174 .4817 .4817 .4817
TOTAL COST OF GOODS SOLD	\$ 13	32,99	98.73	151,507	/ =	.878
*Write-down during period Sale of Unmarketables 91,426 Net Write Down 50,350						

NET INCOME (LOSS) BEFORE TAX

MEGADIAMOND CORFORATION STATEMENT OF EARNINGS FOR THE MONTH ENDING APRIL 30 ,1977

	JUN TO APR	FOR APRIL
REVENUES:		
SALES: MI	23,016	2,581
FIXED COST REIMBURSMENT MI	111,870	10,170
REIMBURSMENT ADJUSTMENT MI	24,692	2,515
OTHER INCOME	1,725	621
ROYALTY INCOME	17,425	1,503
INTEREST INCOME	5,527	717
RESEARCH INCOME	(2,441)	(2,520)
TOTAL REVENUES	181,815	15,588

LESS COST OF GOODS SOLD	132,982	12,722
	及 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	
GROSS MARGIN	48,833	2,866
ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES:		
OFFICERS SALARY	176	176
OFFICE PAYROLL	9,835	768
PAYROLL SURCHARGES OFC	1,287	
DEPRECIATION EXPENSE UFC.	1,826	166
INTEREST EXPENSE	498	
TRAVEL EXPENSES	3,519	
TELEPHONE	980	94
REAL PROPERTY TAXES OFC	119	((7 16)
PROFESSIONAL EXPENSE	8,039	214
RESEARCH AND DEVELOPMENT	1,372	105
OFFICE EXPENSE	3,461	253
INSURANCE EXPENSE	126 🖤	1,74 2, 0
POSTAGE OFC	364	
OTHER ADMINISTRATIVE EXPENSE	63	
RENT EXPENSE-OFFICE	2,090	190
PERSONAL PROPERTY TAX OFC	117	10.
CORPORTATION TAX	609	0
TOTAL AUMINISTRATIVE EXPENSES	34,486	2,0(5
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MEGAULAMUND CURPORATION STATEMENT UE FINANCIAL POSITION APRIL 50 ,1977

ASSEIS

CURRENT ASSETS:	
ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE 25,000 Re- 10,000 Mo. Bal. Robotton	(22,842) 18,121 90,479
The state of the s	(22,869)
INTEREST RECEIVABLE PRE-PAID EXPENSE	1,149
PRE-PAID REAL PROPERTY TAX	492
INVENTORIES: WORK IN PROCESS INVENTORIES: RAW MATERIALS	8,892
REIMBURSAL LABOR	657
TUTAL CURRENT ASSETS	84.815

FIXED ASSETS:
INVESTMENTS
LAND.
MACHINES AND EQUIPMENT
LESS RESERVE FOR DEP. MACHINES
OSCILLOSCOPE
AUTO
LESS RESERVE FOR DEP. AUTU
OFFICE FURNITURE AND FIXTURES
LESS RESERVE FOR DEP. FURNITURE
TUTAL FIXED ASSETS

OTHER ASSETS: NUTES RECEIVABLE notes sec. MI. PATERIS IOTAL WIHER ASSETS

WET TOTAL FIXED ASSETS

IUTAL ASSETS

6,240 113,537 (53,438) 4,405 4,772 2.8791 6,935 2,725) 119,928

84,815

(20,K DOT 251,220 31,521 82.741

202,670

287.486

MEGAUJAMUND CLRPORATION STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL PUBLITION CONTINUED APRIL 30 ,1977

LIABILITIES AND STUCKHOLDERS EQUILY

CURRENT LIABILITES:	
ACCOUNTS PAYABLE	503
PENSION LIABILITY	101
SALARY PAYABLE-OFF-ICERS	9,583
INTEREST PAYABLE	498
ROYALTIES PAYABLE-RC	119
ROYALTIES PAYABLE-HIH	239
ACCRUED STATE INCOME TAXES	(251)
ALCHUED FICA WITHHOLDING-EMPLOYEES	(0)
ACURUED FEDERAL INCOME TAXES	0
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITES	10,923
LONG TERM LIABILITIES:	
NOTES PAYABLE	6,289
TOTAL LONG TERM LIABILITIES	6,289
[사장이 기계 프로스 지원 경기 등에 가지 않는 그리고 있다고 있다고 있다.]	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	17,213
STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY:	
CAPITAL STOCK-COMMON	53,220
PAID-IN SURPLUS	236,033
RETAINED EARNINGS	(19,780)
TOTAL STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	270.273
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND STOCKHOLDERS EQUITY	287,486